Lecture 10:

Training Neural Networks

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Overview

1. One time setup

activation functions, preprocessing, weight initialization, regularization, gradient checking

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2. Training dynamics

babysitting the learning process,

parameter updates, hyperparameter optimization

3. Evaluation

model ensembles

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Evaluation: Model Ensembles

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- 1. Train multiple independent models
- 2. At test time average their results

Enjoy 2% extra performance (?!!!)

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Fun Tips/Tricks:

- can also get a small boost from averaging multiple model checkpoints of a single model.

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Regularization: **Dropout** "randomly set some neurons to zero in the forward pass"



[Srivastava et al., 2014]

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p = 0.5 # probability of keeping a unit active. higher = less dropout

```
def train_step(X):
    """ X contains the data """
```

forward pass for example 3-layer neural network
H1 = np.maximum(0, np.dot(W1, X) + b1)
U1 = np.random.rand(*H1.shape)

H1 *= U1 # drop!

H2 = np.maximum(0, np.dot(W2, H1) + b2)

U2 = np.random.rand(*H2.shape)

out = np.dot(W3, H2) + b3

backward pass: compute gradients... (not shown)
perform parameter update... (not shown)

Example forward pass with a 3layer network using dropout



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Waaaait a second... How could this possibly be a good idea?



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Waaaait a second... How could this possibly be a good idea?



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Training with occlusions?











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Waaaait a second... How could this possibly be a good idea?



Another interpretation:

Dropout is training a large ensemble of models (that share parameters).

Each binary mask is one model, gets trained on only ~one datapoint.

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Can in fact do this with a single forward pass! (approximately) Leave all input neurons turned on (no dropout).



(this can be shown to be an approximation to evaluating the whole ensemble)

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Can in fact do this with a single forward pass! (approximately) Leave all input neurons turned on (no dropout).

Q: Suppose that with all inputs present at test time the output of this neuron is x.

What would its output be during training time, in expectation? (e.g. if p = 0.5)

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Can in fact do this with a single forward pass! (approximately) Leave all input neurons turned on (no dropout).





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Can in fact do this with a single forward pass! (approximately) Leave all input neurons turned on (no dropout).



during test: a = w0*x + w1*yduring train: $E[a] = \frac{1}{4} * (w0*0 + w1*0)$ w0*0 + w1*y $w0^{*}x + w1^{*}0$ $w0^{*}x + w1^{*}y)$ $= \frac{1}{4} * (2 w0*x + 2 w1*y)$ $= \frac{1}{2} * (w0*x + w1*y)$

With p=0.5, using all inputs in the forward pass would inflate the activations by 2x from what the network was "used to" during training! => Have to compensate by scaling the activations back down by ½

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We can do something approximate analytically

def predict(X):

```
# ensembled forward pass
H1 = np.maximum(0, np.dot(W1, X) + b1) * p # NOTE: scale the activations
H2 = np.maximum(0, np.dot(W2, H1) + b2) * p # NOTE: scale the activations
out = np.dot(W3, H2) + b3
```

At test time all neurons are active always => We must scale the activations so that for each neuron: <u>output at test time</u> = <u>expected output at training time</u>

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""" Vanilla Dropout: Not recommended implementation (see notes below) """

p = 0.5 # probability of keeping a unit active. higher = less dropout



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Dropout Summary

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Convolutional Neural Networks



[LeNet-5, LeCun 1980]

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Convolution Layer



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32x32x3 image



5x5x3 filter

Convolve the filter with the image i.e. "slide over the image spatially, computing dot products"

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Filters always extend the full depth of the input volume



5x5x3 filter

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Convolve the filter with the image i.e. "slide over the image spatially, computing dot products"

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consider a second, green filter



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For example, if we had 6 5x5 filters, we'll get 6 separate activation maps:



We stack these up to get a "new image" of size 28x28x6!

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Preview: ConvNet is a sequence of Convolution Layers, interspersed with activation functions



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Preview: ConvNet is a sequence of Convolutional Layers, interspersed with activation functions



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Preview

[From recent Yann LeCun slides]



Feature visualization of convolutional net trained on ImageNet from [Zeiler & Fergus 2013]

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Preview



Feature visualization of convolutional net trained on ImageNet from [Zeiler & Fergus 2013]



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preview:



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7x7 input (spatially) assume 3x3 filter

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7x7 input (spatially) assume 3x3 filter

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7x7 input (spatially) assume 3x3 filter

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7x7 input (spatially) assume 3x3 filter

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7x7 input (spatially) assume 3x3 filter

=> 5x5 output

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7x7 input (spatially) assume 3x3 filter applied **with stride 2**

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7x7 input (spatially) assume 3x3 filter applied **with stride 2**

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7x7 input (spatially) assume 3x3 filter applied with stride 2 => 3x3 output!

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7x7 input (spatially) assume 3x3 filter applied **with stride 3**?

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7x7 input (spatially) assume 3x3 filter applied **with stride 3**?

doesn't fit! cannot apply 3x3 filter on 7x7 input with stride 3.

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Output size: (N - F) / stride + 1

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In practice: Common to zero pad the border



Som

e.g. input 7x7
3x3 filter, applied with stride 1
pad with 1 pixel border => what is the output?

(recall:) (N - F) / stride + 1

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In practice: Common to zero pad the border



Som

e.g. input 7x7
3x3 filter, applied with stride 1
pad with 1 pixel border => what is the output?

7x7 output!

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In practice: Common to zero pad the border



e.g. input 7x7
3x3 filter, applied with stride 1
pad with 1 pixel border => what is the output?

7x7 output!

in general, common to see CONV layers with stride 1, filters of size FxF, and zero-padding with (F-1)/2. (will preserve size spatially) e.g. F = 3 => zero pad with 1 F = 5 => zero pad with 2 F = 7 => zero pad with 3

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Remember back to...

E.g. 32x32 input convolved repeatedly with 5x5 filters shrinks volumes spatially! (32 -> 28 -> 24 ...). Shrinking too fast is not good, doesn't work well.



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Output volume size: ?

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Output volume size: (32+2*2-5)/1+1 = 32 spatially, so 32x32x10

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Number of parameters in this layer?



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Examples time:

Number of parameters in this layer? each filter has 5*5*3 + 1 = 76 params (+1 for bias) => 76*10 = 760

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