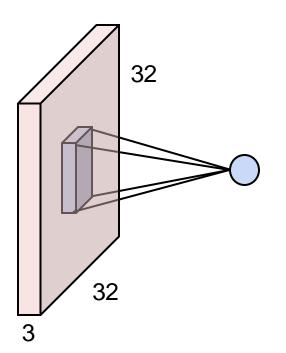
Lecture 12:

Spatial Localization and Detection

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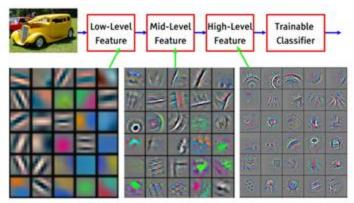
Lecture 12 - 1 17 Oct 2024

Convolution



Summary. To summarize, the Conv Layer: • Accepts a volume of size $W_1 \times H_1 \times D_1$ • Requires four hyperparameters: • Number of filters K, • their spatial extent F, • the stride S,

• the amount of zero padding P.

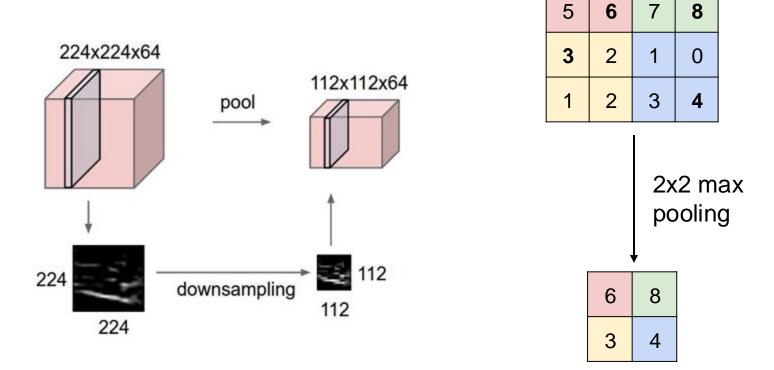


Feature visualization of convolutional net trained on ImageNet from [Zeiler & Fergus 2013]

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Pooling



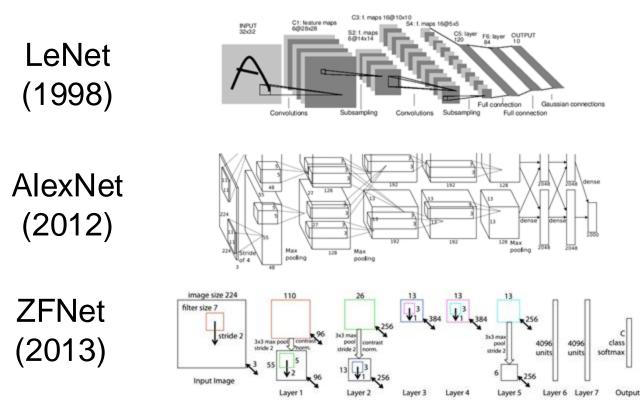
Subhransu Maji, Chuang Gan and TAs Some slides kindly provided by Fei-Fei Li, Jiajun Wu, Erik Learned-Miller

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2

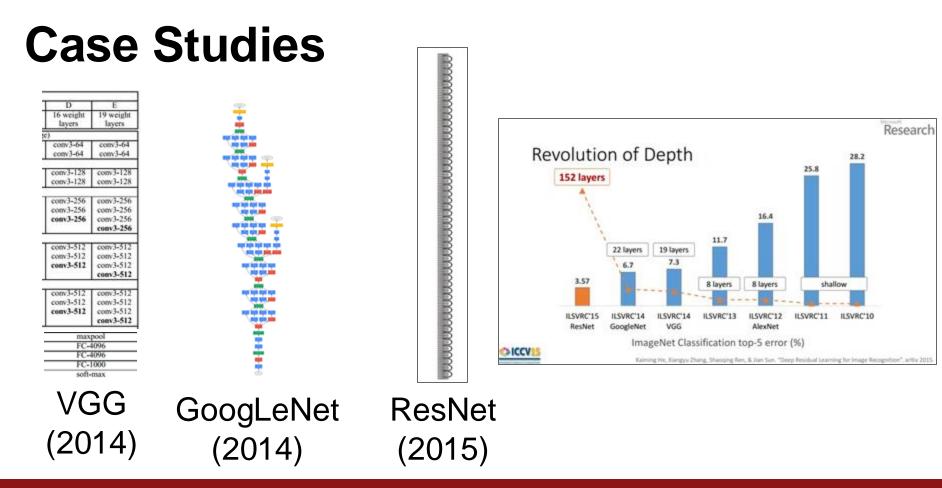
4

Case Studies



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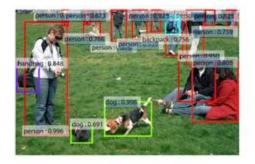
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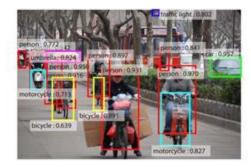
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Localization and Detection













Results from Faster R-CNN, Ren et al 2015

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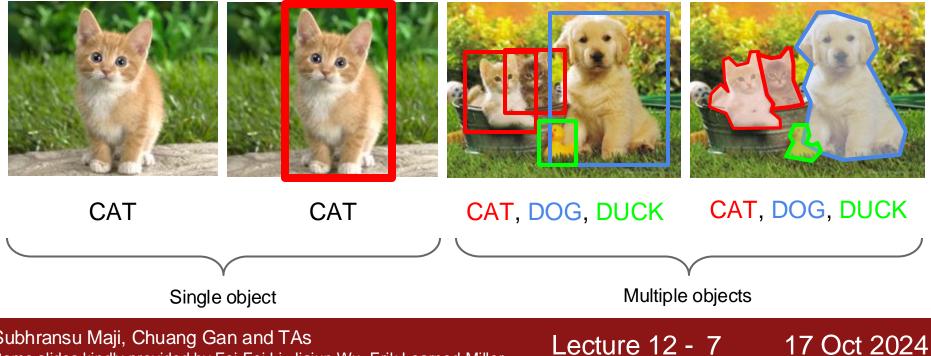
Computer Vision Tasks

Classification

Classification + Localization

Object Detection

Instance **Segmentation**



Computer Vision Tasks

Classification

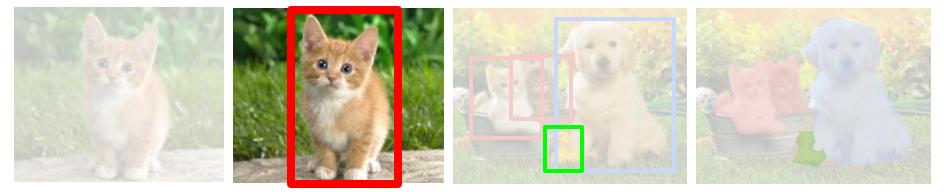
Classification + Localization

Object Detection

Lecture 12 - 8

Instance Segmentation

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Classification + Localization: Task

Classification: C classes Input: Image Output: Class label Evaluation metric: Accuracy



Lecture 12 - 9

Localization:

Input: Image Output: Box in the image (x, y, w, h) Evaluation metric: Intersection over Union



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Classification + Localization: Do both

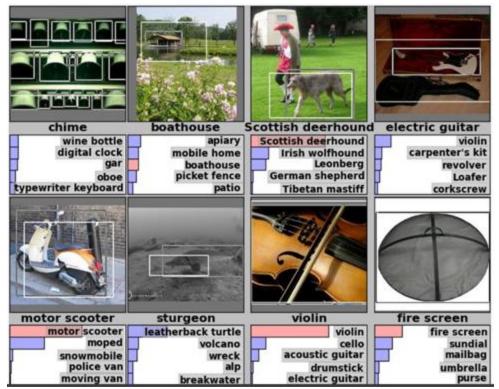
Classification + Localization: ImageNet

1000 classes (same as classification)

- Each image has 1 class, at least one bounding box
- ~800 training images per class

Algorithm produces 5 (class, box) guesses

Example is correct if at least one guess has correct class AND bounding box at least 0.5 intersection over union (IoU)



Krizhevsky et. al. 2012

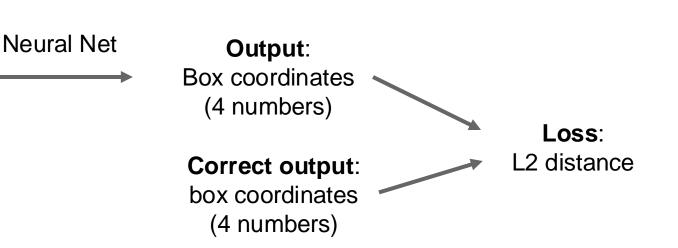
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Idea #1: Localization as Regression

Input: image





Lecture 12 -11

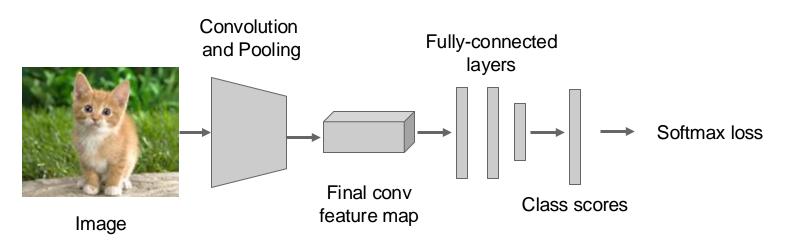
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Only one object, simpler than detection

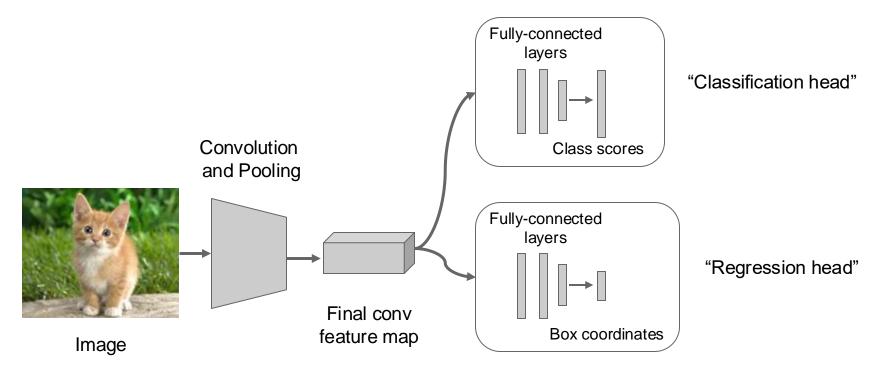
Step 1: Train (or download) a classification model (AlexNet, VGG, GoogLeNet)

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Step 2: Attach new fully-connected "regression head" to the network



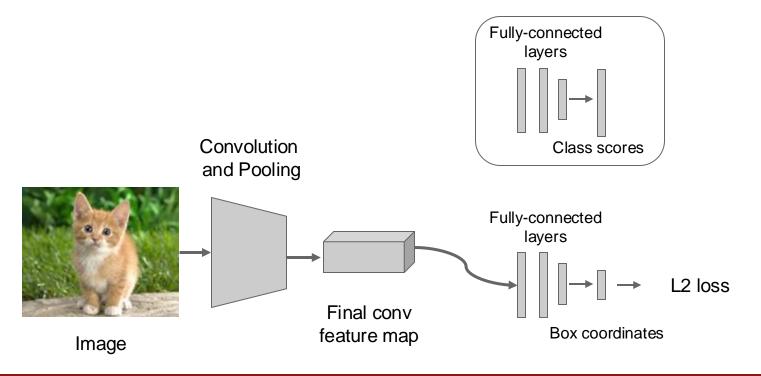
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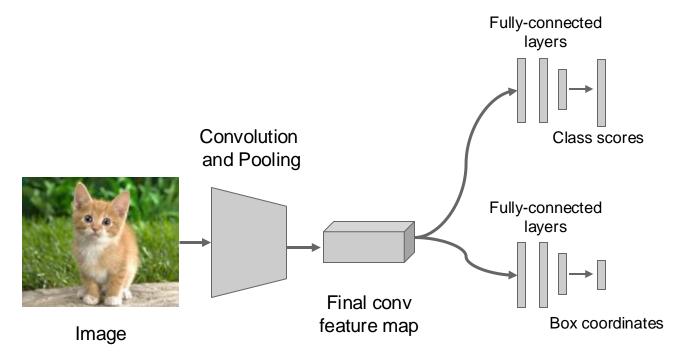
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Step 3: Train the regression head only with SGD and L2 loss



Step 4: At test time use both heads



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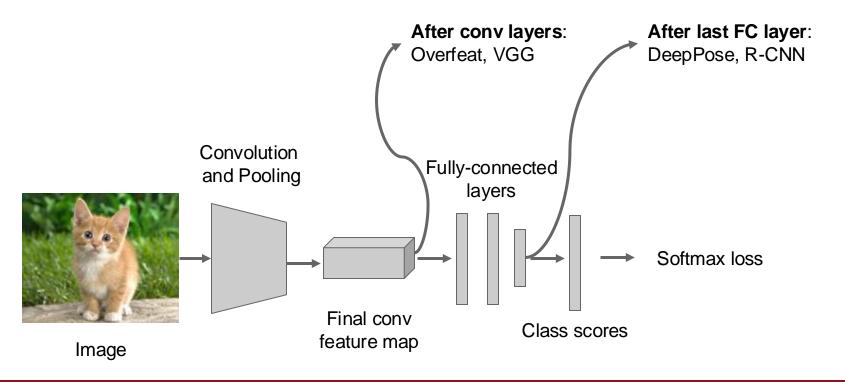
Per-class vs class agnostic regression

Assume classification Fully-connected over C classes: layers Classification head: C numbers (one per class) Convolution Class scores and Pooling Class agnostic: 4 numbers Fully-connected layers (one box) **Class specific:** C x 4 numbers Final conv Box coordinates feature map (one box per class) Image

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Where to attach the regression head?



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Fully-connected

Want to localize **exactly** K objects in each image

layers (e.g. whole cat, cat head, cat left ear, cat right ear for K=4) Convolution Class scores and Pooling Fully-connected layers Final conv Box coordinates feature map

Image

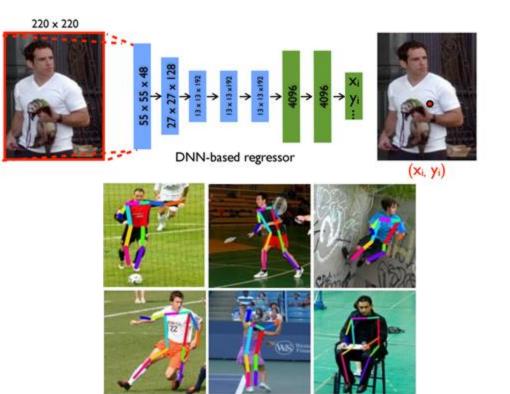
Subhransu Maji, Chuang Gan and TAs Some slides kindly provided by Fei-Fei Li, Jiajun Wu, Erik Learned-Miller K x 4 numbers (one box per object)

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Aside: Human Pose Estimation

Represent a person by K joints

Regress (x, y) for each joint from last fully-connected layer of AlexNet



(Details: Normalized coordinates, iterative refinement)

Toshev and Szegedy, "DeepPose: Human Pose Estimation via Deep Neural Networks", CVPR 2014

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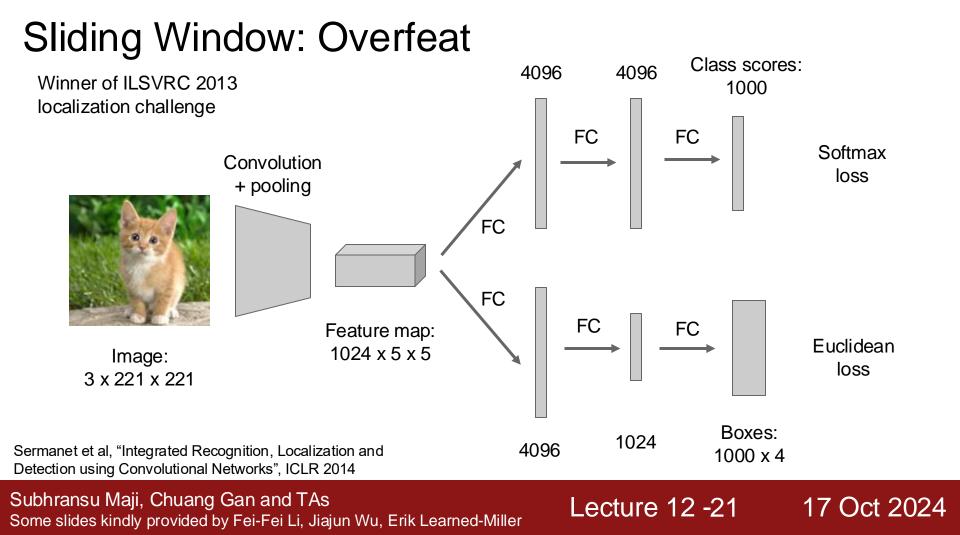
Lecture 12 -19 17 Oct 2024

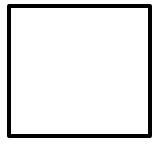
Idea #2: Sliding Window

- Run classification + regression network at multiple locations on a highresolution image
- Convert fully-connected layers into convolutional layers for efficient computation
- Combine classifier and regressor predictions across all scales for final prediction

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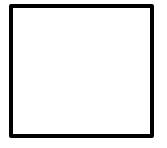
Network input: 3 x 221 x 221



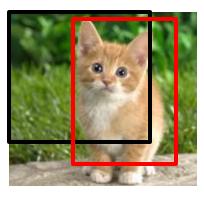
Larger image: 3 x 257 x 257

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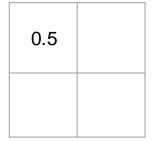
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Network input: 3 x 221 x 221



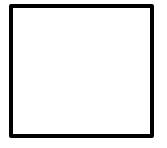
Larger image: 3 x 257 x 257



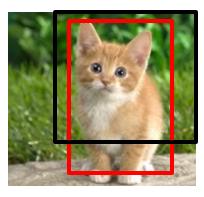
Classification scores: P(cat)

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Network input: 3 x 221 x 221



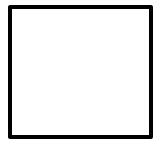
Larger image: 3 x 257 x 257

0.5	0.75

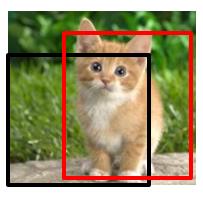
Classification scores: P(cat)

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Network input: 3 x 221 x 221



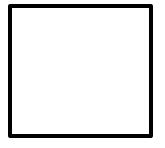
Larger image: 3 x 257 x 257

0.5	0.75
0.6	

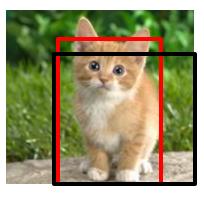
Classification scores: P(cat)

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Network input: 3 x 221 x 221



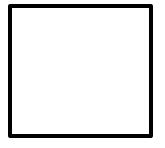
Larger image: 3 x 257 x 257

0.5	0.75
0.6	0.8

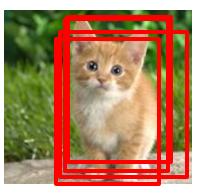
Classification scores: P(cat)

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Network input: 3 x 221 x 221



Larger image: 3 x 257 x 257

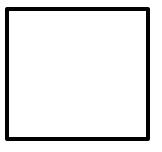
0.5	0.75
0.6	0.8

Classification scores: P(cat)

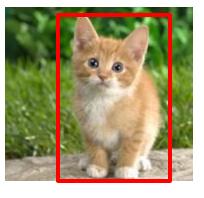
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Greedily merge boxes and scores (details in paper)



Network input: 3 x 221 x 221



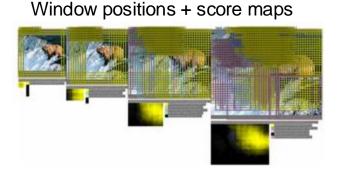
Larger image: 3 x 257 x 257 0.8

Classification score: P(cat)

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In practice use many sliding window locations and multiple scales



Box regression outputs



Lecture 12 - 29

Final Predictions

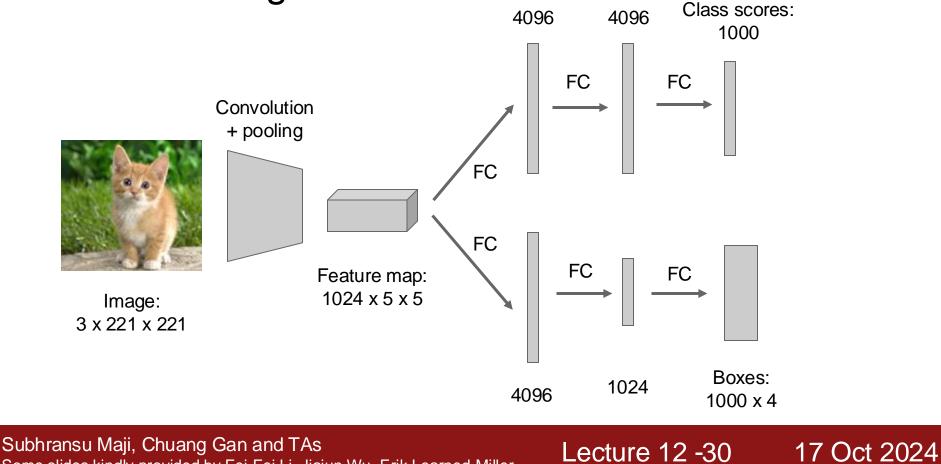


Sermanet et al, "Integrated Recognition, Localization and Detection using Convolutional Networks", ICLR 2014

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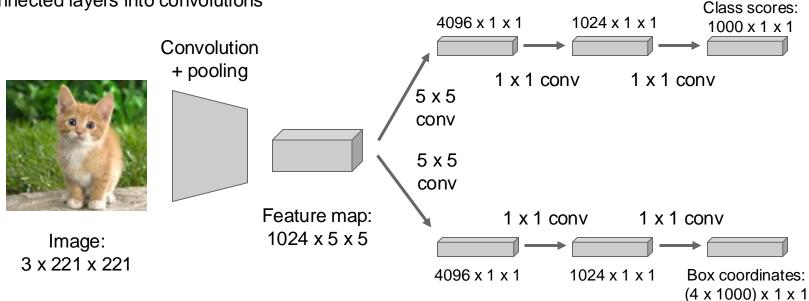
Efficient Sliding Window: Overfeat



Some slides kindly provided by Fei-Fei Li, Jiajun Wu, Erik Learned-Miller

Efficient Sliding Window: Overfeat

Efficient sliding window by converting fullyconnected layers into convolutions



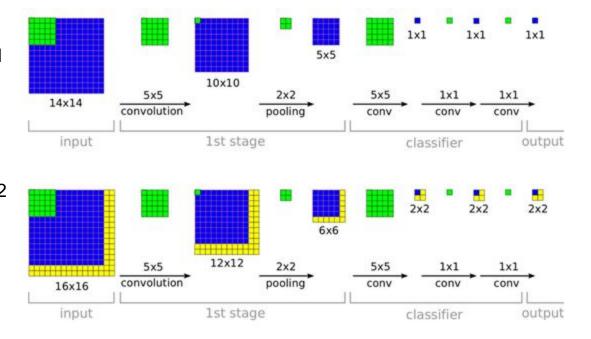
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Efficient Sliding Window: Overfeat

Training time: Small image, 1 x 1 classifier output

Test time: Larger image, 2 x 2 classifier output, only extra compute at yellow regions

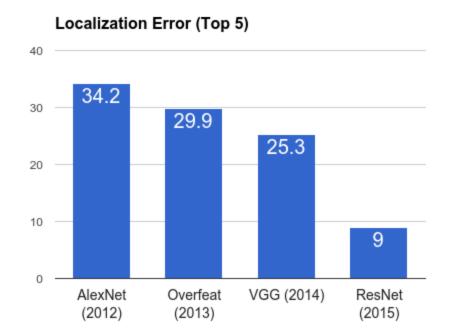


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Sermanet et al, "Integrated Recognition, Localization and Detection using Convolutional Networks", ICLR 2014

ImageNet Classification + Localization



AlexNet: Localization method not published

Overfeat: Multiscale convolutional regression with box merging

VGG: Same as Overfeat, but fewer scales and locations; simpler method, gains all due to deeper features

ResNet: Different localization method (RPN) and much deeper features

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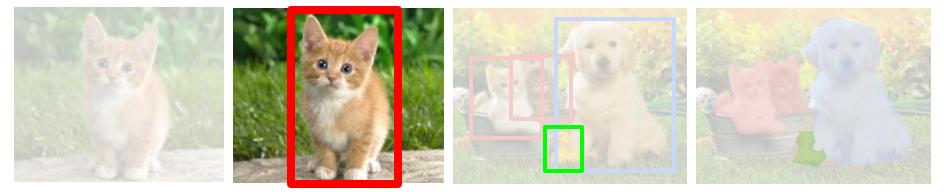
Computer Vision Tasks

Classification

Classification + Localization

Object Detection

Instance Segmentation



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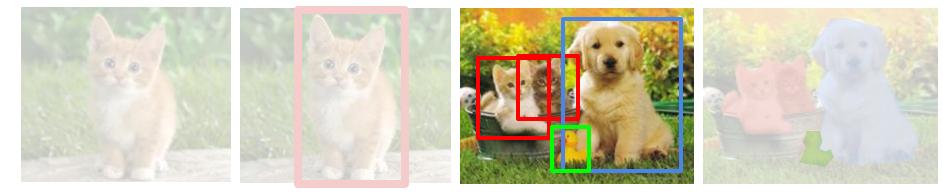
Computer Vision Tasks

Classification

Classification + Localization

Object Detection

Instance Segmentation



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Detection as Regression?



DOG, (x, y, w, h) CAT, (x, y, w, h) CAT, (x, y, w, h) DUCK (x, y, w, h)

= 16 numbers

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Detection as Regression?



DOG, (x, y, w, h) CAT, (x, y, w, h)

= 8 numbers

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Detection as Regression?



CAT, (x, y, w, h) CAT, (x, y, w, h) CAT (x, y, w, h)

= many numbers

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Need variable sized outputs

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CAT? NO

DOG? NO

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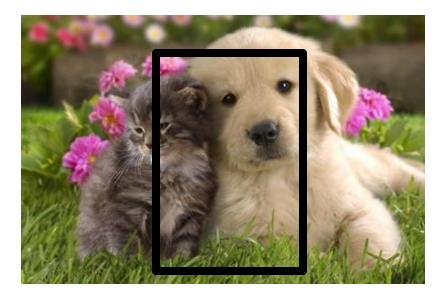


CAT? YES!

DOG? NO

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CAT? NO

DOG? NO

Lecture 12 -41

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Problem: Need to test many positions and scales

Solution: If your classifier is fast enough, just do it

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Problem: Need to test many positions and scales, and use a computationally demanding classifier (CNN)

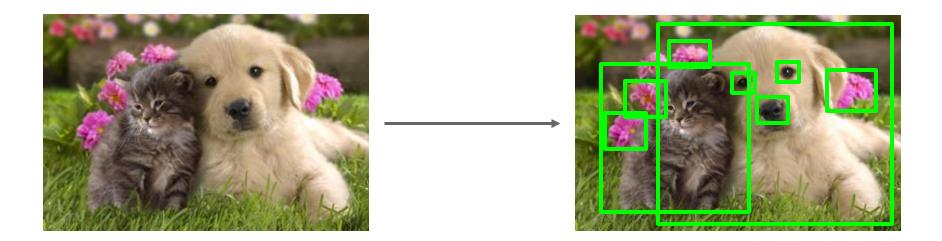
Solution: Only look at a tiny subset of possible positions

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Region Proposals

- Find "blobby" image regions that are likely to contain objects
- "Class-agnostic" object detector
- Look for "blob-like" regions

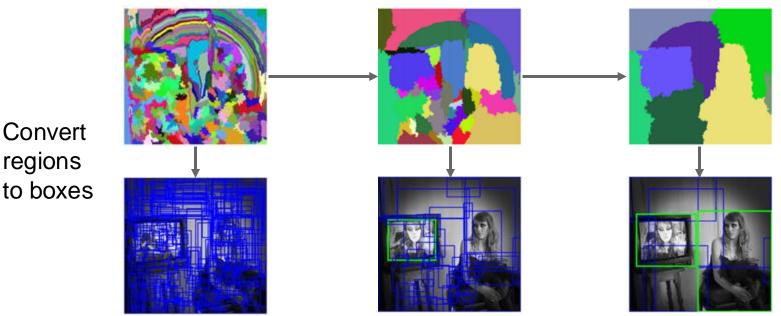


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Region Proposals: Selective Search

Bottom-up segmentation, merging regions at multiple scales



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Uijlings et al, "Selective Search for Object Recognition", IJCV 2013

Convert

regions

Region Proposals: Many other choices

Method	Approach	Outputs Segments	Outputs Score	Control #proposals	Time (sec.)	Repea- tability	Recall Results	Detection Results
Bing [18]	Window scoring		~	~	0.2	***	*	
CPMC [19]	Grouping	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	250	-	**	*
EdgeBoxes [20]	Window scoring		\checkmark	\checkmark	0.3	**	* * *	* * *
Endres [21]	Grouping	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	100	-	* * *	**
Geodesic [22]	Grouping	\checkmark		\checkmark	1	*	* * *	**
MCG [23]	Grouping	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	30	*	* * *	* * *
Objectness [24]	Window scoring		\checkmark	\checkmark	3		*	
Rahtu [25]	Window scoring		\checkmark	\checkmark	3			*
RandomizedPrim's [26]	Grouping	\checkmark		\checkmark	1	*	*	**
Rantalankila [27]	Grouping	\checkmark		\checkmark	10	**		**
Rigor [28]	Grouping	\checkmark		\checkmark	10	*	**	**
SelectiveSearch [29]	Grouping	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	10	**	* * *	* * *
Gaussian				~	0	•		*
SlidingWindow				\checkmark	0	***		•
Superpixels		\checkmark			1	*		
Uniform				\checkmark	0			

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Lecture 12 -46

Hosang et al, "What makes for effective detection proposals?", PAMI 2015

Region Proposals: Many other choices

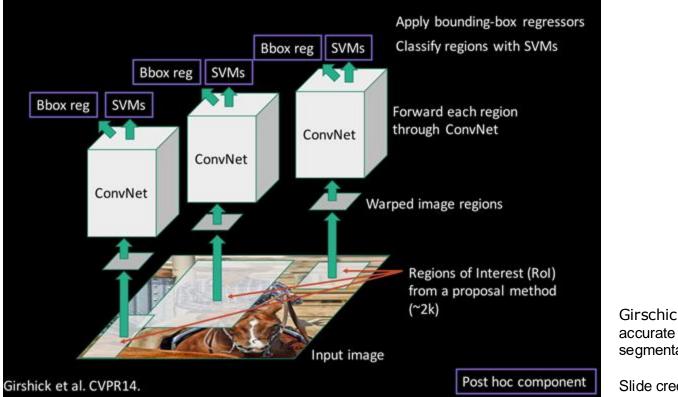
Method	Approach	Outputs Segments	Outputs Score	Control #proposals	Time (sec.)	Repea- tability	Recall Results	Detection Results
Bing [18]	Window scoring		~	~	0.2	***	*	
CPMC [19]	Grouping	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	250	-	**	*
EdgeBoxes [20]	Window scoring		~	~	0.3	**	***	* * *
Endres [21]	Grouping	√	~	√	100	-	* * *	**
Geodesic [22]	Grouping	\checkmark		\checkmark	1	*	* * *	**
MCG [23]	Grouping	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	30	*	* * *	* * *
Objectness [24]	Window scoring		\checkmark	\checkmark	3		*	
Rahtu [25]	Window scoring		\checkmark	\checkmark	3			*
RandomizedPrim's [26]	Grouping	\checkmark		\checkmark	1	*	*	**
Rantalankila [27]	Grouping	\checkmark		\checkmark	10	**		**
Rigor [28]	Grouping	\checkmark		\checkmark	10	*	**	**
SelectiveSearch [29]	Grouping	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	10	**	* * *	* * *
Gaussian				~	0			*
SlidingWindow				\checkmark	0	***		
Superpixels		\checkmark			1	*		
Uniform				\checkmark	0		•	

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Lecture 12 -47

Hosang et al, "What makes for effective detection proposals?", PAMI 2015

Putting it together: R-CNN



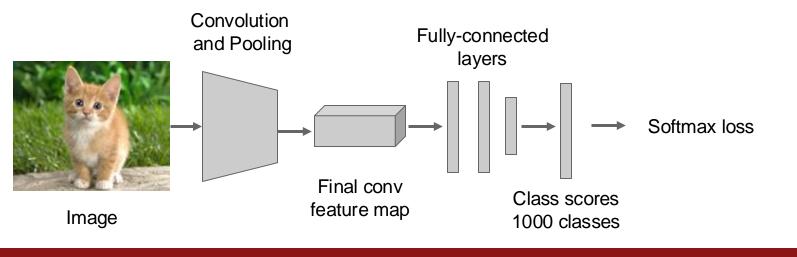
Girschick et al, "Rich feature hierarchies for accurate object detection and semantic segmentation", CVPR 2014

Slide credit: Ross Girschick

Subhransu Maji, Chuang Gan and TAs Some slides kindly provided by Fei-Fei Li, Jiajun Wu, Erik Learned-Miller

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Step 1: Train (or download) a classification model for ImageNet (AlexNet)



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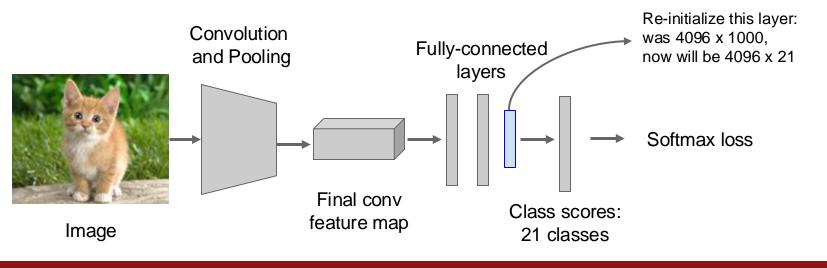
Lecture 12 - 49

Step 2: Fine-tune model for detection

- Instead of 1000 ImageNet classes, want 20 object classes + background
- Throw away final fully-connected layer, reinitialize from scratch
- Keep training model using positive / negative regions from detection images

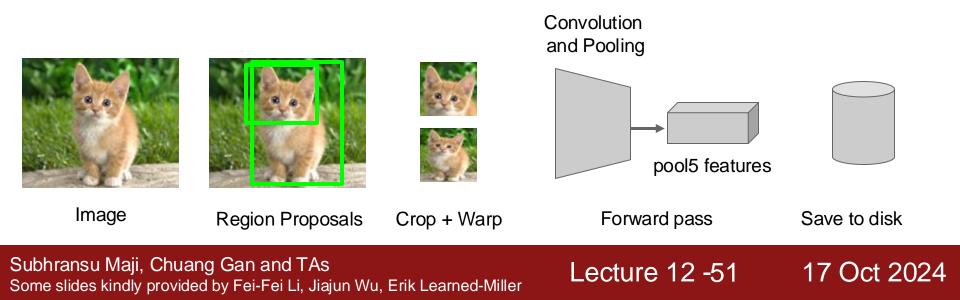
Lecture 12 -50

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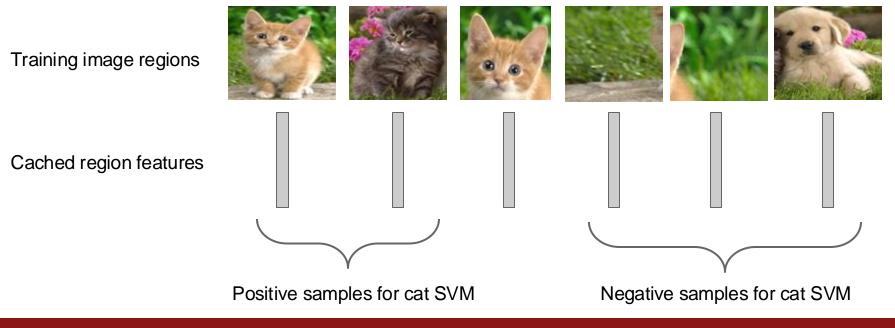


Step 3: Extract features

- Extract region proposals for all images
- For each region: warp to CNN input size, run forward through CNN, save pool5 features to disk
- Have a big hard drive: features are ~200GB for PASCAL dataset!



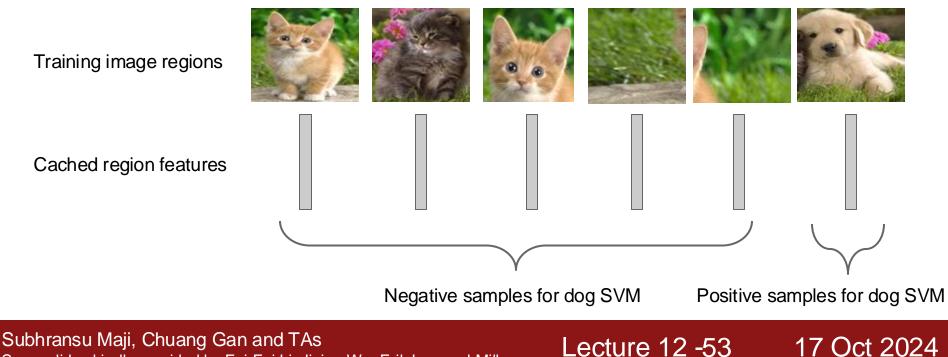
Step 4: Train one binary SVM per class to classify region features



Lecture 12 -52

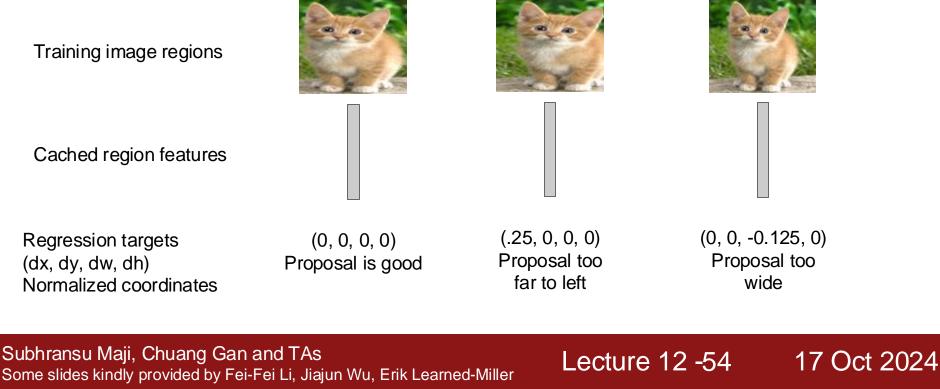
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Step 4: Train one binary SVM per class to classify region features



Some slides kindly provided by Fei-Fei Li, Jiajun Wu, Erik Learned-Miller

Step 5 (bbox regression): For each class, train a linear regression model to map from cached features to offsets to GT boxes to make up for "slightly wrong" proposals



Object Detection: Datasets

	PASCAL VOC (2010)	ImageNet Detection (ILSVRC 2014)	MS-COCO (2014)
Number of classes	20	200	80
Number of images (train + val)	~20k	~470k	~120k
Mean objects per image	2.4	1.1	7.2

Lecture 12 -55

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Object Detection: Evaluation

We use a metric called "mean average precision" (mAP)

Compute average precision (AP) separately for each class, then average over classes (https://towardsdatascience.com/map-mean-average-precisionmight-confuse-you-5956f1bfa9e2)

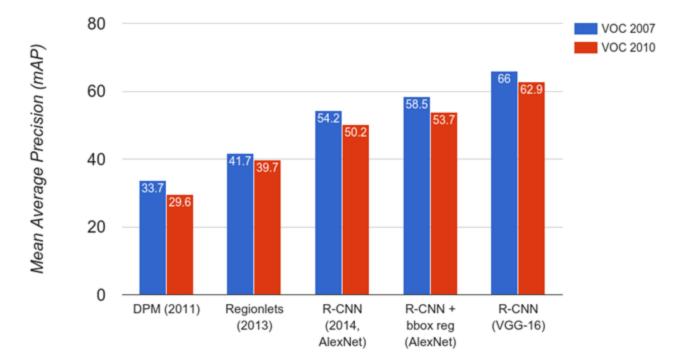
A detection is a true positive if it has IoU with a ground-truth box greater than some threshold (usually 0.5) (mAP@0.5)

Combine all detections from all test images to draw a precision / recall curve for each class; AP is area under the curve

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mAP is a number from 0 to 100; high is good

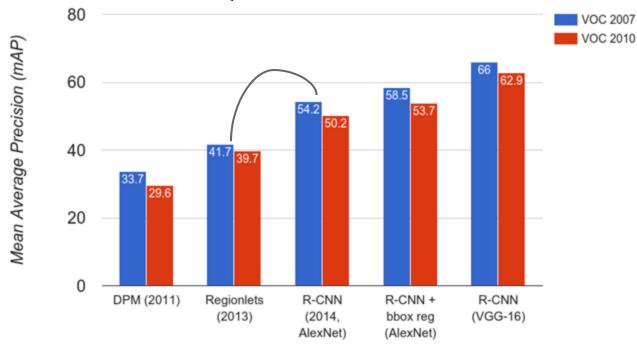


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Wang et al, "Regionlets for Generic Object Detection", ICCV 2013

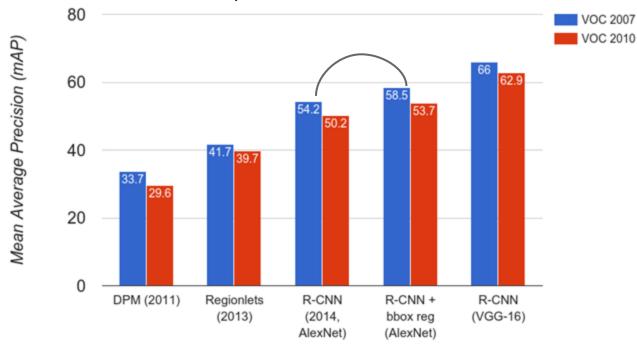
Big improvement compared to pre-CNN methods



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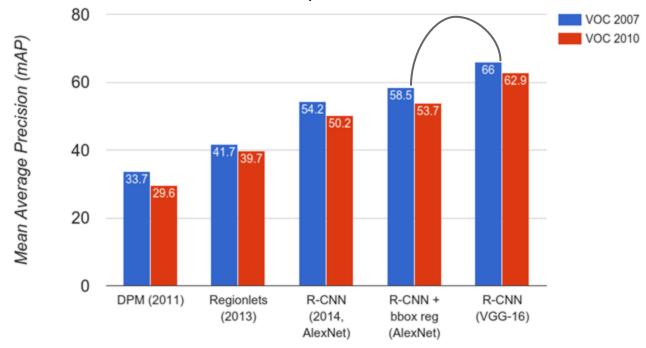
Bounding box regression helps a bit



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Features from a deeper network help a lot



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R-CNN Problems

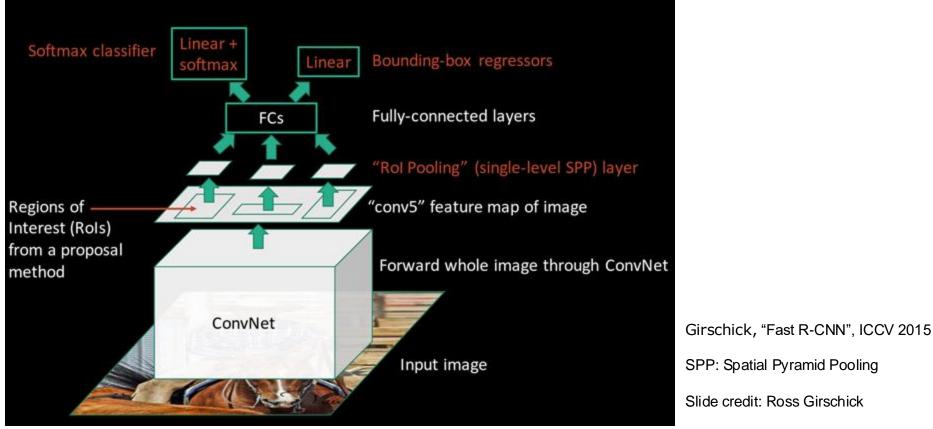
- 1. Slow at test-time: need to run full forward pass of CNN for each region proposal
- 2. SVMs and regressors are post-hoc: CNN features not updated in response to SVMs and regressors

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3. Complex multistage training pipeline

Fast R-CNN (test time)

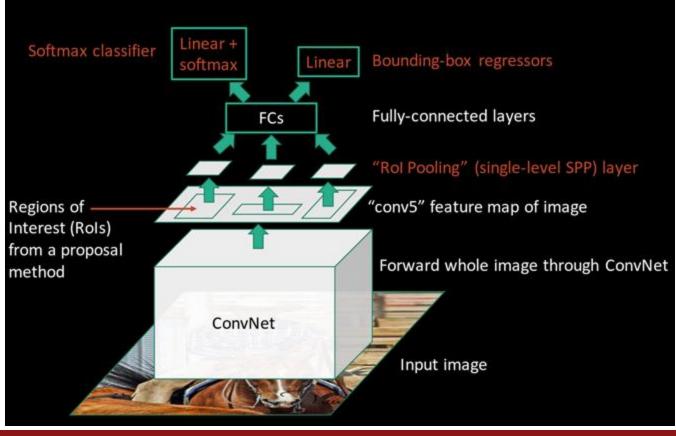


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Fast R-CNN (test time)

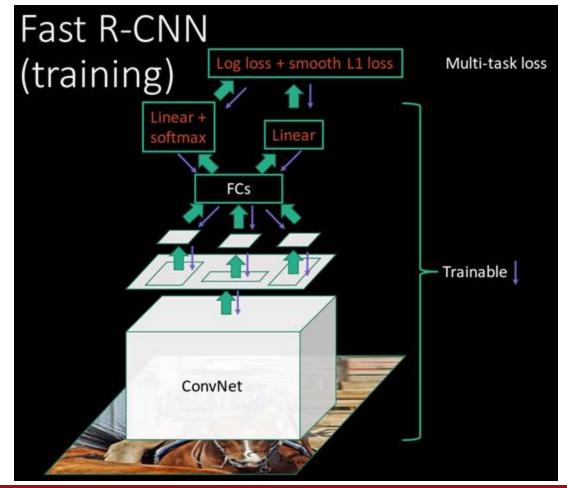


R-CNN Problem #1: Slow at test-time due to independent forward passes of the CNN

> Solution: Share computation of convolutional layers between proposals for an image

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R-CNN Problem #2: Post-hoc training: CNN not updated in response to final classifiers and regressors

R-CNN Problem #3: Complex training pipeline

Solution: Just train the whole system end-to-end all at once!

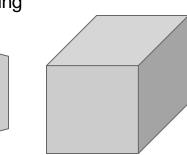
Slide credit: Ross Girschick

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Convolution and Pooling





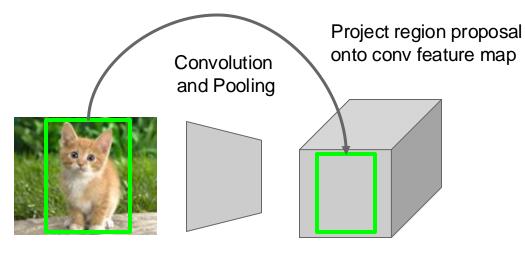
Hi-res input image: 3 x 800 x 600 with region proposal

Hi-res conv features: C x H x W with region proposal Fully-connected layers

Problem: Fully-connected layers expect low-res conv features: C x h x w

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Fully-connected layers

Hi-res input image: 3 x 800 x 600 with region proposal

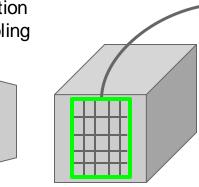
Hi-res conv features: C x H x W with region proposal **Problem**: Fully-connected layers expect low-res conv features: C x h x w

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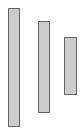
Convolution and Pooling





Divide projected region into h x w grid

Fully-connected layers

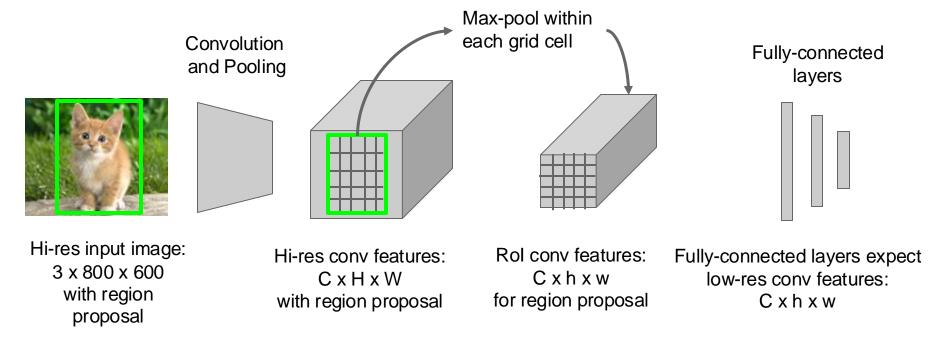


Hi-res input image: 3 x 800 x 600 with region proposal

Hi-res conv features: C x H x W with region proposal **Problem**: Fully-connected layers expect low-res conv features: C x h x w

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Convolution and Pooling

Hi-res input image: 3 x 800 x 600 with region proposal

Hi-res conv features: C x H x W with region proposal Rol conv features: C x h x w for region proposal

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Fully-connected layers expect low-res conv features: C x h x w

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Fast R-CNN Results

		R-CNN	Fast R-CNN
Feeterl	Training Time:	84 hours	9.5 hours
Faster!	(Speedup)	1x	8.8x

Using VGG-16 CNN on Pascal VOC 2007 dataset

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Fast R-CNN Results

		R-CNN	Fast R-CNN
Feeterl	Training Time:	84 hours	9.5 hours
Faster!	(Speedup)	1x	8.8x
FASTER	Test time per image	47 seconds	0.32 seconds
PASIER !	(Speedup)	1x	146x

Using VGG-16 CNN on Pascal VOC 2007 dataset

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Fast R-CNN Results

		R-CNN	Fast R-CNN
Faster!	Training Time:	84 hours	9.5 hours
	(Speedup)	1x	8.8x
FASTER !	Test time per image	47 seconds	0.32 seconds
	(Speedup)	1x	146x
Better!	mAP (VOC 2007)	66.0	66.9

Using VGG-16 CNN on Pascal VOC 2007 dataset

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Fast R-CNN Problem:

Test-time speeds don't include region proposals

	R-CNN	Fast R-CNN
Test time per image	47 seconds	0.32 seconds
(Speedup)	1x	146x
Test time per image with Selective Search	50 seconds	2 seconds
(Speedup)	1x	25x

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Fast R-CNN Problem Solution:

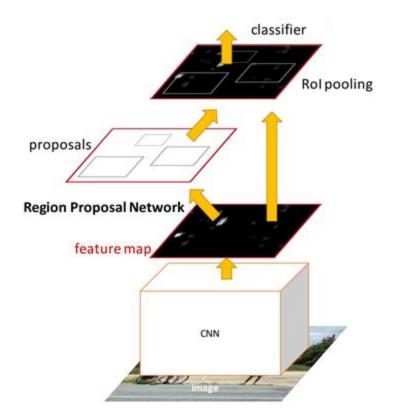
Test-time speeds don't include region proposals Just make the CNN do region proposals too!

	R-CNN	Fast R-CNN
Test time per image	47 seconds	0.32 seconds
(Speedup)	1x	146x
Test time per image with Selective Search	50 seconds	2 seconds
(Speedup)	1x	25x

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Faster R-CNN:



Insert a **Region Proposal Network (RPN)** after the last convolutional layer

RPN trained to produce region proposals directly; no need for external region proposals!

After RPN, use Rol Pooling and an upstream classifier and bbox regressor just like Fast R-CNN

Ren et al, "Faster R-CNN: Towards Real-Time Object Detection with Region Proposal Networks", NIPS 2015

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Slide credit: Ross Girschick

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Faster R-CNN: Region Proposal Network

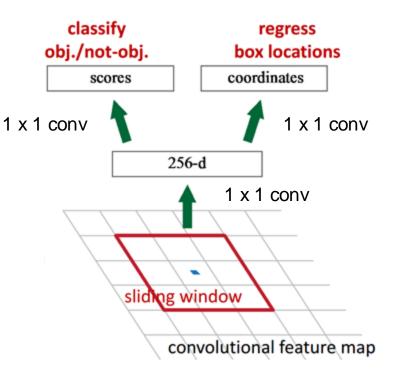
Slide a small window on the feature map

Build a small network for:

- · classifying object or not-object, and
- regressing bbox locations

Position of the sliding window provides localization information with reference to the image

Box regression provides finer localization information with reference to this sliding window



Slide credit: Kaiming He

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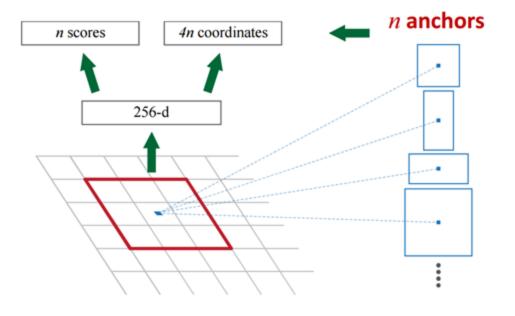
Faster R-CNN: Region Proposal Network

Use N anchor boxes at each location

Anchors are **translation invariant**: use the same ones at every location

Regression gives offsets from anchor boxes

Classification gives the probability that each (regressed) anchor shows an object



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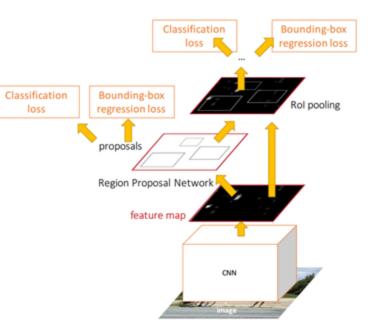
Faster R-CNN: Training

In the paper: Ugly pipeline

- Use alternating optimization to train RPN, then Fast R-CNN with RPN proposals, etc.
- More complex than it has to be

Since publication: Joint training! One network, four losses

- RPN classification (anchor good / bad)
- RPN regression (anchor -> proposal)
- Fast R-CNN classification (over classes)
- Fast R-CNN regression (proposal -> box)



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Slide credit: Ross Girschick

Faster R-CNN: Results

	R-CNN	Fast R-CNN	Faster R-CNN
Test time per image (with proposals)	50 seconds	2 seconds	0.2 seconds
(Speedup)	1x	25x	250x
mAP (VOC 2007)	66.0	66.9	66.9

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Object Detection State-of-the-art: ResNet 101 + Faster R-CNN + some extras

training data	COC	O train	COCO	trainval
test data	COCO val		COCO test-dev	
mAP	@.5	@[.5, .95]	@.5	@[.5, .95]
baseline Faster R-CNN (VGG-16)	41.5	21.2		
baseline Faster R-CNN (ResNet-101)	48.4	27.2		
+box refinement	49.9	29.9		
+context	51.1	30.0	53.3	32.2
+multi-scale testing	53.8	32.5	55.7	34.9
ensemble			59.0	37.4

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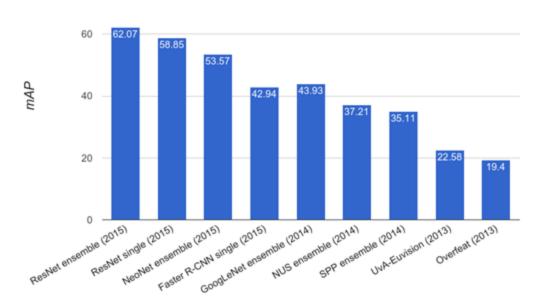
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He et. al, "Deep Residual Learning for Image Recognition", arXiv 2015

ImageNet Detection 2013 - 2015

80





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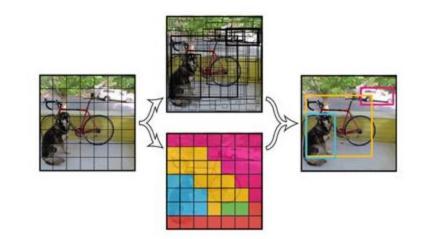
YOLO: You Only Look Once Detection as Regression

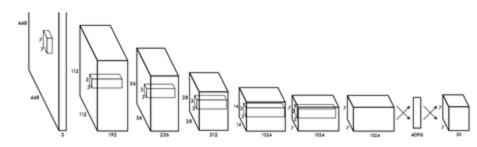
Divide image into S x S grid

Within each grid cell predict: B Boxes: 4 coordinates + confidence Class scores: C numbers

Regression from image to $7 \times 7 \times (5 * B + C)$ tensor

Direct prediction using a CNN





Redmon et al, "You Only Look Once:

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YOLO: You Only Look Once Detection as Regression

Faster than Faster R-CNN, but not as good

Redmon et al, "You Only Look Once: Unified, Real-Time Object Detection", arXiv 2015

Real-Time Detectors	Train	mAP	FPS
100Hz DPM [30]	2007	16.0	100
30Hz DPM [30]	2007	26.1	30
Fast YOLO	2007+2012	52.7	155
YOLO	2007+2012	63.4	45
Less Than Real-Time			
Fastest DPM [37]	2007	30.4	15
R-CNN Minus R [20]	2007	53.5	6
Fast R-CNN [14]	2007+2012	70.0	0.5
Faster R-CNN VGG-16[27]	2007+2012	73.2	7
Faster R-CNN ZF [27]	2007+2012	62.1	18

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Object Detection code links:

R-CNN

(Cafffe + MATLAB): <u>https://github.com/rbgirshick/rcnn</u> Probably don't use this; too slow

Fast R-CNN (Caffe + MATLAB): <u>https://github.com/rbgirshick/fast-rcnn</u>

Faster R-CNN

(Caffe + MATLAB): <u>https://github.com/ShaoqingRen/faster_rcnn</u> (Caffe + Python): <u>https://github.com/rbgirshick/py-faster-rcnn</u>

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YOLO

http://pjreddie.com/darknet/yolo/ Maybe try this for projects?

Recap

Localization:

- Find a fixed number of objects (one or many)
- L2 regression from CNN features to box coordinates
- Overfeat: Regression + efficient sliding window with FC -> conv conversion

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- Deeper networks do better

Object Detection:

- Find a variable number of objects by classifying image regions
- Avoid dense sliding window with region proposals
- R-CNN: Selective Search + CNN classification / regression
- Fast R-CNN: Swap order of convolutions and region extraction
- Faster R-CNN: Compute region proposals within the network
- Deeper networks do better